Zadanie 1.	/ 5

Przeczytaj tekst, który został podzielony na cztery części (A–D), oraz pytania go dotyczące (4.1.–4.5.). Do każdego pytania dopasuj właściwą część tekstu. Wpisz rozwiązania do tabeli.

Uwaga: w jednej z części tekstu znajdują się odpowiedzi na dwa pytania.

# In which paragraph does the author

4.1.	state the purpose of the terracotta army?
4.2.	explain why we may never know the contents of the tomb?
4.3.	inform about what has been unearthed so far?
4.4.	stress the importance of the discovery?
4.5.	reveal why the individual figures discovered are so unique?

### CHINESE EMPEROR'S BID FOR IMMORTALITY

- **A.** In 1974, a farmer in China uncovered pieces of ancient pottery while digging a well. Further digging unearthed one of the biggest archaeological finds of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, both in terms of size and significance the life-size terracotta warriors of China's first emperor, Qin Shi Huang. The terracotta army, placed in military formation and equipped with real bronze weapons, had remained underground for more than 2,200 years. It was an extraordinary find and, covering an area of fifty-six square kilometres, the biggest burial site on earth.
- **B.** Since then, over 2,000 figures have been dug up across three different burial areas, and it is estimated around 6,000 figures remain underground. But it isn't just the size of the discovery that left the world stunned. Incredibly, every figure has its own individual facial expression, clothing, and hairstyle. In addition to the terracotta warriors, excavations also unearthed clay acrobats and musicians, as well as chariots and the skeletons of horses that would have pulled them.
- C. All of these extravagant preparations were made by Qin Shi Huang before he passed away. He needed them for the next world and his tomb was at the centre of this vast underground empire. It contained many treasures for use in the afterlife and was guarded by the extraordinary terracotta army that also protected him from his enemies in the next world. But the emperor's underground kingdom had a high cost. Thousands of craftsmen and other workers died while the burial site was being built. This helped to keep the tomb a secret.
- D. The biggest secret of all, however, has yet to be revealed as the first emperor's tomb has never been opened. A pyramid-shaped hill housing the tomb is located very close to where the terracotta army was discovered. An ancient historian described the tomb, writing that China's two major rivers were replicated there using the liquid metal mercury. Unknown at the time was the highly toxic nature of the metal. Whether archaeologists will ever be able to safely gain access remains a mystery, as do the treasures within.

Zadanie 5. / 5

Przeczytaj tekst, z którego usunięto pięć zdań. Wpisz w każdą lukę (5.1.–5.5.) literę, którą oznaczono brakujące zdanie (A–F), tak aby otrzymać spójny i logiczny tekst. <u>Uwaga:</u> jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki.

## THE 21ST CENTURY STUDENT

When universities started, they were only for male members of the upper classes who came

from expensive private schools, where they only met others of their own status. 5.1.
Anyone with the opportunity and the ability can earn a university degree – no matter what their age, background or mode of learning is. In the twenty-first century, what defines a 'typical student is not what it used to be.
The full-time university student who lives on campus and concentrates only on studying is
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becoming the exception rather than the rule. <b>5.2.</b> These include family-related duties
raising children, volunteering, and even running side businesses. Also, the demands of modern
life mean that most students have to hold down a full-time or part-time job to survive while
working hard for their degree. <b>5.3.</b> It doesn't describe the vast majority of students, many
of whom are constantly on the go, juggling a schedule made up of many different elements.
Technology has created a new kind of student with options to study completely online or to
combine online and in-class learning, known as blended learning. 5.4 It's much like the
effect on workplace practices, with staff working from home and holding meetings online. Apart
from the safety aspect, there are a number of advantages to this mode of learning. It is
convenient, cost-effective and flexible, allowing students to fit study into their busy lives, and
helping them to create a healthier study-work-life balance.
The face of students is changing, too. In 2020, Giuseppe Paterno received his degree in history
and philosophy from the University of Palermo in Sicily, graduating at the top of his class. Aged
96 at the time, he became the oldest person in Italy to earn a university degree. <b>5.5.</b> Only
when the pandemic hit was he forced to use online resources and attend video classes, which
·
was another new experience for him. He is one of many mature age students who have
embraced the university experience.
The range of students in the twenty-first century is broader than it ever was, proving there is

**A.** For today's student, their university course is as central to their lives as a myriad of other responsibilities and pursuits.

greater access to university than ever before.

- **B.** Add to this the effects of the pandemic and we can see a decrease in the number of students attending campus or being on campus at all.
- **C.** As a student, he typed his essays on a manual typewriter he'd had since 1984 and used printed books instead of the internet for research.
- **D.** Nowadays, universities are no longer exclusive clubs serving the elite, but inclusive spaces for a much larger proportion of the population.
- **E.** Oddly though, his degree was considered inferior, despite graduating from the same universities as the on-campus students.
- **F.** The image of the irresponsible student attending classes infrequently, bleary-eyed from partying the night before, is a stereotype.

Zadanie 6. \_\_\_\_\_ / 8

Przeczytaj dwa teksty związane z opowieścią o potworze Frankensteina. Wykonaj zadania 6.1.–6.8. zgodnie z poleceniami.

### Tekst 1.

### **FRANKENSTEIN**

It was on a miserable night in November that I looked upon the accomplishment of my work. The lifeless form lay at my feet. It was already one in the morning; the rain pattered depressingly against the windows, and my candle was nearly burnt out when, in the dim light, I saw the dull yellow eye of the creature open; it breathed hard, and a sudden violent motion shook its limbs.

How can I describe my emotions at this catastrophe? How can I describe the wretched being I had created? I had selected exceptional features for him. His hair was glossy, black and flowing; his teeth were pearly white; but these only formed a more horrible contrast with his watery eyes, his yellow complexion and straight, black lips. For nearly two years, I had worked hard, depriving myself of rest and health, to give life to an inanimate body. But now, the beauty of the dream vanished to be replaced by horror and disgust.

I rushed to my bedroom, but I was unable to calm my thoughts. At length, exhaustion brought sleep, but I was disturbed by the wildest dreams. I woke with horror when, by the dim light of the moon, I saw the miserable creature standing by my bed. His mouth opened, and he muttered some inarticulate sounds, while a grin wrinkled his cheeks. One hand was stretched out towards me, but I leapt up and rushed downstairs. Hiding in the courtyard below for the rest of the night, I listened attentively fearing the slightest sound.

When morning dawned, I fled. I walked the streets for some time, eventually ending up at the inn where the carriages stopped. The carriage from Switzerland arrived and when the door opened, my friend Henry Clerval jumped out.

"My dear Frankenstein," he exclaimed, "how fortunate that you should be here at the moment of my arrival!"

Nothing could equal my delight on seeing Clerval; his presence brought back happy thoughts of my home and family. For a moment, as we walked and Clerval told me his news, I forgot my despair. Then he stopped suddenly and gazed at my face.

"How very ill you appear," he exclaimed. "So thin and pale; you look as if you have been awake for several nights."

He was right, but I couldn't possibly tell him about the events of the previous night. Walking quickly, we soon arrived at my college. I feared that the creature might still be in my apartment, and that Henry would see him. I ran up to my room alone and threw open the door, but nothing appeared: the apartment was empty! Had it all been a dream, or had the beast simply fled?

Relieved, I ran down to fetch Clerval. Back in my room, I jumped up and down, clapped my hands, and laughed aloud. At first, Clerval thought my strange behaviour was happiness due to his arrival, but when he saw a wildness in my eyes, my loud, unrestrained laughter frightened him.

"My dear Victor," he cried, "what is the matter?"

It was then that I thought the creature entered the room. "Save me!" I screamed. I struggled with it and then collapsed in a fit. It was the start of a fever which lasted for several months. During all that time Henry was my only nurse. The creature was forever before my eyes, and I raved constantly. Henry was surprised by my words and believed I was suffering from a disturbed imagination, but my persistence persuaded him that some awful event had actually taken place. Little did he know the truth of what I had done.

Na podstawie: Mary Shelley, Frankenstein

# W zadaniach 6.1.–6.4. z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z treścią tekstu. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

## 6.1. From the text we learn that the monster

- **A.** responded to the light of the candle.
- **B.** displayed violent behaviour from the beginning.
- C. possessed some attractive features.
- **D.** was afraid of the sound of the rain.

# 6.2. What did the monster attempt to do to Victor Frankenstein?

- A. harm him
- **B.** communicate with him
- C. disturb him
- **D.** scare him

## 6.3. What is true about Henry Clerval's arrival?

- **A.** It provided Victor with a pleasant but brief distraction.
- **B.** It made Victor miss his home and his family.
- **C.** Victor had been expecting him to arrive from Switzerland.
- **D.** Henry made Victor realise that he was quite ill.

## 6.4. From the final paragraph we can conclude that

- **A.** the monster returned to Victor's apartment.
- **B.** Henry knew from the start something terrible had happened.
- **C.** Victor revealed to Henry a little of what he'd done.
- **D.** Victor had temporarily lost his mind.

### **GOTHIC STORIES**

The genre known as Gothic literature emerged in Europe in the 18<sup>th</sup> century, and it has fascinated and disturbed readers ever since. It's a genre that places strong emphasis on intense emotions, like fear, horror and shock. One of its characteristics is the darkly threatening scenery and architecture, which is where it gets its name from. The Gothic style of scary-looking, isolated, rundown castles is the inspiration for the genre's settings. The creepy atmosphere is extremely important in a Gothic novel and there is always rain and storms. Haunted houses, ghosts, moving shadows, madness, mystery, dark corridors and bleak landscapes make Gothic stories the perfect, most spine-tingling tales of terror. The stories are about supernatural events that cannot be explained and focus on the psychological suffering of the main characters, who often find themselves in unfamiliar places when they leave behind the safety of the world they knew.

Hugely popular in the 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> centuries, examples of Gothic novels include *Frankenstein* by Mary Shelley and *Dracula* by Bram Stoker, both of which feature monsters – a topic that continues to fascinate us today. The novel *Frankenstein* is considered one of the earliest works of science fiction as it features a scientist trying to create life. The bloodthirsty Count Dracula resides in a dark Transylvanian castle and he never sees daylight or he will be destroyed. It was inevitable that such stories would be filmed. From the dawn of cinema and the first film version of *Frankenstein* in 1910 and *Dracula* in 1931, horror films have scared us stiff in movie theatres around the world, and we just can't seem to resist them.

Uzupełnij zdania 6.5.–6.8. zgodnie z treścią tekstu, tak aby jak najbardziej precyzyjnie oddać jego sens. Luki należy uzupełnić w języku angielskim.

6.5.	Gothic novels are set in locations where th	e weather is
		all the time.
6.6.	Gothic stories are about events for which	here are no
6.7.	For over two hundred years, we	
		by stories about monsters.
6.8.	The stories of Frankenstein and Dracula	
		for the first time over ninety years ago.

Zadanie 7.	/ 6

Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

# THE PROS AND CONS OF FLAT-PACK FURNITURE

When you move out of home,	deciding how to furnish your	new living space and how to make
it <b>7.1.</b> and welcoming is pe	erhaps the most exciting part	of the move. Unless your new place
is fully furnished, you'll need to	acquire some items. It's rela	atively easy to <b>7.2.</b> your home
using flat-pack furniture.		
Flat-pack furniture is <b>7.3.</b>	ready-to-use furniture, which	n makes it attractive for people on a
budget. In addition, transporting	g your items is no problem a	is you can fit most packs into a car
or, if necessary, the shop 7.4.	them for a small fee. Ea	ch pack is sold with everything you
need, such as the tool to tigh	ten the <b>7.5.</b> that keep	all the pieces together. However,
sometimes, the instructions are	en't clear and it's difficult to f	igure out what goes where. Larger
items, such as beds, are more	complicated to <b>7.6.</b> an	nd if you don't have any experience
putting furniture together, it car	n take a lot of time and effort.	Overall, though, flat-pack furniture
is a great option at a good price	e.	
7.1.	7.2.	7.3.
A. bare	A. clear out	A. more affordable than
B. cosy	<b>B.</b> drop in	B. so affordable that
C. dingy	C. set up	C. such an affordable
<b>D</b> . shabby	<b>D</b> . tidy away	<b>D.</b> the most affordable
7.4.	7.5.	7.6.
A. would have delivered	A. tiles	A. assemble
<b>B.</b> is delivering	B. handles	B. connect
C. has delivered	C. screws	C. fasten
<b>D.</b> delivers	D. crockery	<b>D.</b> repair

Przeczytaj tekst. Uzupełnij każdą lukę (8.1.–8.4.), przekształca w nawiasach w taki sposób, aby powstał spójny i logiczny tekst. \ poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna wpisywanych wyrazów.	• • • •
LOOK INTO MY EYES	
Some experts believe you can understand a person's emotions and	sometimes even their
deepest 8.1 (THINK) by looking into their eyes. Forensic pe	sychologists and police
officers sometimes rely on 'eye behaviour' to find out if someone is beir	ng truthful or not. If the
person makes direct eye contact during a conversation, it's likely the	y are telling the truth
Looking down often indicates someone is feeling nervous or <b>8.2.</b>	(ANXIETY). Or
the other hand, looking away can indicate some	
8.3(HONEST), particularly if they look up and to the side. B	ut which side? Looking
to the right suggests someone is telling a lie, whereas looking to the l	eft shows truthfulness.
Apparently, this is because people look up and to the right when they use	their <b>8.4.</b>
(IMAGINE), for example to invent a story, and they look up and to the let	t when they remember
something that actually happened.	
Zadanie 9.	14
Uzupełnij zdania 9.1.–9.4. Wykorzystaj w odpowiedniej form w nawiasach. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów jeżeli jest to konieczne – dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać logic poprawne zdania. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna fragmentów. <u>Uwaga</u> : w każdą lukę możesz wpisać <u>maksymalnie cztery wyrazy, wied podane.</u>	, trzeba natomiast - czne i gramatycznie wpisywanych
9.1. My parents (insist / I / study) what I did.	law and that's
9.2. Some of my colleagues (not stand / work)evening shift, but I don't mind it.	the
9.3. Now she (regret / not / send) companies before she decided to accept that job offer.	her CV to more
<b>9.4.</b> The science lecture ( <i>suppose / start</i> ) minutes ago, but the professor is late.	ten

Zadanie 8. \_\_\_\_\_ / 4